CHAPTER 17

HOMEBUYER ASSISTANCE

Introduction

This chapter discusses the implementation of CDBG homebuyer assistance programs. Such programs may assist income-eligible homebuyers (program participants) to purchase new or existing homes, and may include any necessary rehabilitation. A new home is defined as a unit, which at the time of application/sales contract, has a foundation in place.

We have replaced the CDBG sample Homeownership Program Guidelines and Review Checklist with a HCD Homeownership Program Guidelines and Checklist. The new checklist resolves many differing program policies that have arisen between the State CDBG, State Home, and State CalHome Homeownership Programs. The goal was to simplify and standardize the policies for these programs to make them easier to use and understand.

Grantee Responsibilities

You are responsible for meeting all the terms of your contract. This includes complying with all applicable environmental, lead-based paint and labor standards requirements; follow relocation laws, procurement requirements, and the preparation of program guidelines (see Chapter 2 for contract requirements).

NEPA Review: For programs which include acquisition and rehabilitation, a NEPA review must be completed for each activity. Please refer to Chapter 3 for environmental review requirements for these activities.

Relocation is also an issue with the homebuyer assistance program. If the unit to be purchased is currently occupied by a tenant, relocation law must be followed. When a tenant is displaced, the grantee is responsible for documenting the relocation of the household and that appropriate benefits were paid. Due to the high cost and extensive time involved in relocation benefits, the homebuyer assistance program normally excludes the purchase of tenant-occupied houses. That is unless the tenant is the household buying the unit they occupy, in which there is no displacement.

Program Guidelines

Your CDBG contract requires that you prepare program guidelines governing your homebuyer assistance program. You will find sample guidelines attached to this chapter. We have also attached the checklist your CDBG representative will use to review your program guidelines for compliance with CDBG requirements. If you plan to incorporate rehabilitation into your homebuyer program, please consult the housing rehabilitation chapter of this manual and include appropriate provisions in your guidelines such that it meets the rehabilitation guideline checklist in Chapter 16.

As part of designing your program, the grantee must determine the subsidy amount needed to assist local homebuyers. As such, an analysis of local real estate prices must be done to find out the cost for a modest home. That cost is then compared to the typical mortgage a family of 3 or 4 can afford that earn from 60 to 80 percent of county median income and pay 30% to 37% of their gross monthly income for a mortgage payment (principal, interest, taxes, and insurance). The difference between the typical mortgage families can pay subtracted from the cost of a modest home is the "gap" financing which will be required as It is in the grantees interest to allow for enough subsidy. subsidy or gap financing such that a "typical" low-income family can use the program to purchase a "modest" house. At the same time, the guidelines must allow for special exceptions so that very low-income families can also participate if they meet the basic eligibility requirements of the program.

Homebuyer File Contents

Please refer to Chapter 12, Monitoring Checklist for Acquisition, for a list of the required contents of homebuyer files.

Income Verification

Please refer to Appendix A in the guidelines for information on verifying and documenting program participant income. CDBG funds are normally used as subordinate gap financing behind a primary loan from a private lender (i.e., bank). The lender will verify the homebuyers' income by obtaining third-party verifications. The CDBG program operator will use the same third-party verifications to determine the participant's eligibility and the amount of subsidy needed for a second mortgage.

Lead-Based Paint

- Program participants purchasing homes constructed prior to January 1, 1978, must be provided with the proper disclosure notification concerning lead-based paint (LBP) hazards. Additionally, the dwelling must be inspected, treated and cleared of any LBP hazards. See GMM Chapter 20.
- Whenever pre-1978 houses are acquired or rehabilitated under CDBG, please refer to Chapter 20, Lead-Based Paint Requirements for guidance. The costs associated with meeting these requirements are eligible to be paid for with CDBG funds and should be considered during program design.

CDBG Guidelines Checklist

Please refer to the attached CDBG Checklist for Homebuyer Assistance Program Guidelines, which your CDBG Representative will use to review your program guidelines.

Sample Guidelines

We have attached a sample Homebuyer Assistance Program Guidelines. Your CDBG subsidy amounts, loan terms, and other eligibility items may vary from the sample. Attached to these guidelines you will find:

- Household Income Determination Instructions
- Sample Loan Servicing Policies
- Sample Acquisition Notice to Seller (Declaration)
- Sample Implementation Steps

Persons on Title

CDBG program policy will allow non-TIG persons who do not reside on the property on title providing the following criteria are met:

- Adequate mechanisms are developed and in place to ensure that the loan is due and payable, or converted to a market rate loan or rented under a recorded rent limitation agreement when the income eligible owner is no longer occupying the unit;
- a mechanism is developed to monitor the unit at least biennially to identify any change in occupancy and/or use; and
- language describing the policy and the mechanisms are included in the program guidelines.

Supporting Materials

- Homebuyer Assistance Program CDBG Guidelines Checklist
- Homebuyer Assistance Program Sample Guidelines

THIS DOCUMENT IS A "BEST PRACTICES" SAMPLE HOMEBUYER PROGRAM GUIDELINES CONTAINING EXAMPLE ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE, PROVISIONS AND POLICIES THAT ARE NOT NECESSARILY REQUIREMENTS OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT'S HOME, CALHOME AND CDBG PROGRAMS. THE PROVISIONS CONTAINED IN THIS DOCUMENT DO NOT SUPERCEDE OR CHANGE THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOME, CALHOME, OR CDBG PROGRAMS.

(Name of Grantee)

(Name of State Funding Program(s))

Serving the Area of

(Name of Area Served)

Homebuyer Program Guidelines

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HOMEBUYER PROGRAM GUIDELINES

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Sample

HOMEBUYER PROGRAM GUIDELINES

(Name of HCD Contractor/Grantee/Recipient)

1.0. GENERAL

1.1. PROGRAM OUTREACH AND MARKETING

All outreach efforts will be done in accordance with state and federal fair lending regulations to assure nondiscriminatory treatment, outreach and access to the Program. No person shall, on the grounds of age, ancestry, color, creed, physical or mental disability or handicap, marital or familial status, medical condition, national origin, race, religion, gender or sexual orientation be excluded, denied benefits or subjected to discrimination under the Program. The Sponsor will ensure that all persons, including those qualified individuals with handicaps have access to the Program.

A. The Fair Housing Lender logo will be placed on all outreach materials. Fair housing marketing actions will be based upon a characteristic analysis comparison (census data may be used) of the Program's eligible area compared to the ethnicity of the population served by the Program (includes, separately, all applications given out and those receiving assistance) and an explanation of any underserved segments of the population. This information is used to show that protected classes (age, gender, ethnicity, race, and disability) are not being excluded from the Program. (For HOME, the Sponsor shall develop a Fair Housing Marketing Plan prior to project set up). Flyers or other outreach materials, in English and any other language that is the primary language of a significant portion of the area residents, will be widely distributed in the Program-eligible area and will be provided to any local social service agencies. The Program may sponsor homebuyer classes to help educate homebuyers about the home

- buying process and future responsibilities. Persons who have participated in local homebuyer seminars will be notified about the Program.
- B. The Program Operator will work closely with local real estate agents and primary lenders to explain the Program requirements for eligible housing units and homebuyers, and to review Program processes. Local real estate agents and primary lenders will also be encouraged to have their customers participate in the Program.
- C. Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 prohibits the exclusion of an otherwise qualified individual, solely by reason of disability, from participation under any program receiving Federal funds. The Program Sponsor should take appropriate steps to ensure effective communication with disabled housing applicants, residents and members of the public.

1.2. APPLICATION PROCESS AND SELECTION

- A. The Sponsor maintains a waiting list of applicants. Each applicant is asked to complete an application form, which asks for sufficient information concerning income, employment, and credit history to establish preliminary eligibility for Program participation. Complete applications are date and time stamped, therefore, assistance is given on a first-comefirst-served basis. Applications are only deemed complete if all information is completed, the application is signed and dated, and a primary lender's pre-qualification letter is attached to the application. Incomplete applications are returned to the applicant and will not be date/time stamped until complete.
- B. Once the applicant's name comes to the top of the waiting list their Program eligibility is confirmed and they are invited to a briefing regarding participation in the Program. At the briefing the application is reviewed and the potential homebuyer is given a "Preliminary Eligibility Letter" for the Program along with the following forms: Program Brochure, Attachment (I) Instructions to Home Buyer, List of Participating Lenders, Attachment (F) Sellers Lead-Based Paint (LBP) Disclosure, (G) LBP Contract Contingency Language and the EPA Booklet (Protect Your Family from Lead in Your Home) and (H) Notice to Seller.
- C. The potential homebuyer is given 90 days in order to find a qualified home and begin securing a primary loan for the housing unit. If during the 90-day time frame, the potential homebuyer is unable to purchase a home, an extension may be given. However, if it appears the potential homebuyer cannot participate in the Program, the reservation of funds expires and the next person on the waiting list is given an opportunity to participate in the Program.

1.3. THE HOME PURCHASE PROCESS

A. The following is a simplified example of how a primary lender would analyze a homebuyer's finances to determine how much the homebuyer could afford to borrow from the primary lender towards homeownership.

DEBT SERVICE FOR A FAMILY OF FOUR EARNING \$2,500 PER MONTH

HOUSING PAYMENTS

Principal & Interest Payment
Insurance

Taxes

Total Housing Expense
(PITI is 30% of \$2,500)

TOTAL OVERALL PAYMENTS

\$ 750 Housing

\$ 4250 Other Debt Service

\$ 1,000 Total Debt Service

(Overall debt service per month is 40% of \$2,500)

OTHER HOUSEHOLD DEBT SERVICE

Car Payment \$ 150 Credit Card Payment 100 Total Other Debt \$ 250

A \$580 per month loan payment equates to borrowing \$96,750 at 6% for a 30-year term.

	SUBSIDY CALCULATION FOR A FAMILY OF FOUR EARNING \$2,500 PER MONTH							
Purchase Price of Property Less Primary loan amount Less down payment of 3%	\$ 120,000 96,750 3,600							
Equals "GAP"	\$ 19,650							
Plus estimated allowable settlement charges	3,000							
Equals Total Subsidy	\$ 22,650							

B. The housing unit selection process will be conducted by the homebuyers. Prior to making an offer to purchase an eligible housing unit (see Section 3.0), homebuyer shall provide seller with a disclosure containing the following provisions: (Depending on the HCD Program)

- 1) Homebuyer has no power of eminent domain and, therefore, will not acquire the property if negotiations fail to result in an amicable agreement;
- 2) Homebuyer's offer is an estimate of the fair market value of the housing unit, to be finally determined by a state licensed appraiser;
- The housing unit will be subject to inspection;

 Note: For CDBG local health and safety standards and for HOME
 the housing unit must comply with local codes at the time of
 construction. CalHome has not established conditions of housing
 units that are to be purchased but has elected to leave this
 requirement to the Sponsor.
- 4) All housing units built prior to January 1, 1978 will require a lead paint disclosure to be signed by both the homebuyer and Seller (Attachment F);
- 5) Since the purchase would be voluntary, the seller would not be eligible for relocation payments or other relocation assistance;
- 6) The seller understands that the housing unit must be either: currently owner-occupied, newly constructed, a renter purchasing the unit, or vacant for four months prior to submission of the purchase offer.
- 7) If the seller is not provided with a statement of the above six provisions prior to the purchase offer, the seller may withdraw from the agreement after this information is provided.
- C. Applicant submits executed standard form purchase and sale agreement and primary lender prequalification letter to Program Operator. The purchase and sale agreement will be contingent on the household and housing unit meeting Program eligibility requirements and receiving Program loan approval. Program Operator verifies applicant eligibility, housing unit and loan eligibility and amount of assistance to be provided consistent with these guidelines.
- D. Any work to be completed after purchase will be undertaken through the Program's housing rehabilitation program. Note: For HOME the housing unit must meet code no later than two years after transfer and be free from health and safety defects prior to initial occupancy. CalHome funds shall only be used for permanent gap financing for a housing unit ready for occupancy with the exception of primary loan obtained through HUD or USDA, which addresses rehabilitation of the housing unit.
- E. Program Operator, where Program Operator is not the Sponsor, submits recommendation to the Sponsor for approval or denial, including the reasons for the recommendation. Sponsor determines Applicant's approval or denial, and instructs Program Operator to notify Applicant. Program Operator provides written notification to Applicant of approval or denial with reason and, if denied, a copy of the Program's appeal procedures.
- F. When Primary Lender requirements are met, Program funds are deposited into escrow, with required closing instructions and loan documents.

G. At the time of escrow closing, the Sponsor shall be named as an additional loss payee on fire, flood, if required, and extended coverage insurance for the length of the loan and in an amount sufficient to cover all encumbrances or full replacement cost of the housing unit.

1.4. HOMEBUYER COSTS

- A. Eligible households must document that they have the funds necessary for down payment and closing costs as required by the Primary Lender and the Sponsor. The Program's down payment requirement (below) is in place even if the Primary Lender has a lower down payment requirement.
- B. Homebuyer funds shall be used in the following order:
 - 1) Down payment Minimum Requirement:

 (Example: Three percent of purchase price or \$3,000, whichever is greater).
 - 2) To the extent possible after satisfying 1), above, appraisal fee; cost of credit report; the loan origination fee; discount points customary homebuyer closing costs; homebuyer's customary portion of the escrow fees; title insurance; and, the establishment of impound accounts for property taxes and insurance.
 - 3) After 1) and 2), above, are satisfied, any balance of homebuyer funds may be applied either to the purchase price or to reduce the interest rate of the primary loan as necessary.
- C. If the items in B.2), above cannot be satisfied with homebuyer funds, the Sponsor may provide Program loan assistance to cover the remaining balance.
- D. Sponsor may not provide more than 50 percent of the down payment required by the primary lender (*CDBG requirement*). Sponsor may also provide sufficient assistance, as Program loan principal, to reduce the monthly payments for PITI to an affordable level of household income. The subsidy will write down the cost of the primary lender's loan so that the payments of PITI are within approximately 30 to 35% of the gross household income. The Program Operator will determine the level of subsidy and affordability during underwriting of the Program's loan to make sure that it conforms to the requirements of the HCD funding Program.

1.5. HOMEBUYER EDUCATION

Buying a home can be one of the most confusing and complicated transactions

anyone can make. Providing the future homebuyer with informative homebuyer education training, can bring success to the Sponsor, Program Operator, the Program and most importantly, the homebuyer. It has been documented that first-time homebuyers that have had homebuyer education have the ability to handle problems that occur with homeownership. All Program participants are required to attend a Sponsor-approved homebuyer education class (*a CalHome requirement*). The homebuyer education class may cover such topics as the following: preparing for homeownership; available financing; credit analysis; loan closing; homeownership responsibilities; home maintenance; and loan servicing.

1.6. CONFLICT OF INTEREST REQUIREMENTS

When the Sponsor's program contains Federal funds, the following shall be addressed: in accordance with title 24, Section 570.611 of the Code of Federal Regulations, no member of the governing body and no official, employee or agent of the local government, nor any other person who exercises policy or decision-making responsibilities (including members of the loan committee and officers, employees, and agents of the loan committee, the administrative agent, contractors and similar agencies) in connection with the planning and implementation of the Program shall directly or indirectly be eligible for this Program. Exceptions to this policy can be made only after public disclosure and formal approval by the governing body of the locality.

1.7. NON-DISCRIMINATION REQUIREMENTS

The Program will be implemented in ways consistent with the Sponsor's commitment to non-discrimination. No person shall be excluded from participation in, denied the benefit of, or be subject to discrimination under any program or activity funded in whole or in part with State funds on the basis of his or her religion or religious affiliation, age, race, color, creed, gender, sexual orientation, marital status, familial status (children), physical or mental disability, national origin, or ancestry, or other arbitrary cause.

2.0 APPLICANT QUALIFICATIONS

2.1. CURRENT INCOME LIMITS FOR THE AREA, BY HOUSEHOLD SIZE

All applicants must certify that they meet the household income eligibility requirements for the applicable HCD program(s) and have their household income documented. The income limits in place at the time of loan approval will apply when determining applicant income eligibility. All applicants must have incomes at or below 80% of the County's area median income (AMI), adjusted for household size, as published by HCD each year.

2005 median family income for non-metropolitan counties statewide, applies to 20 counties*

	Number of Persons in Household								
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8								
80%	\$27,500	\$31,400	\$35,350	\$39,300	\$42,400	\$45,550	\$48,700	\$51,850	
of AMI									

^{*}Sponsor will insert the limits for the county in which the Program is located, and will update the income limits annually as HCD provides new information. The link to the official, HCD-maintained, income limits is:

http://www.hcd.ca.gov/hpd/hrc/rep/state/incNote.html

Household: means one or more persons who will occupy a housing unit.

Annual Income: Generally, the gross amount of income of all adult household members that is anticipated to be received during the coming 12-month period.

2.2. INCOME QUALIFICATION CRITERIA

Projected annual gross income of the applicant household will be used to determine whether they are above or below the published HCD income limits. Income qualification criteria, as shown in the most recent HCD program-specific guidance, will be followed to independently determine and certify the household's annual gross income. The Program Operator should compare this annual gross income to the income the Primary Lender used when qualifying the household. The Primary Lender is usually underwriting to FHA or conventional guidelines and may not calculate the household income or assets in the same way as required by the Program. Income will be verified by reviewing and documenting tax returns, copies of wage receipts, subsidy checks, bank statements and third party verification of employment forms sent to employers. All documentation shall be dated within six months prior to loan closing and kept in the applicant file and held in strict confidence.

A. HOUSEHOLD INCOME DEFINITION:

Household income is the annual gross income of all adult household members that is projected to be received during the coming 12-month period, and will be used to determine program eligibility. For those types of income counted, gross amounts (before any deductions have been taken) are used; and the types of income that are not considered would be income of minors or live-in aides. Certain other household members living apart from the household also require special consideration. The household's projected ability to pay must be used, rather than past earnings, when calculating income. The link to Annual Income Inclusions and Exclusions is:

http://www.hud.gov/offices/cpd/affordablehousing/training/calculator/defini

tions/part5.cfm

See Attachment A: 24 CFR Part 5 Annual Income Inclusions and Exclusions

NOTE: Non-occupant <u>co-signers</u> will not be required to submit income and asset documentation. Co-signers income will not be included in the household income determination. Co-signers are acceptable as long as their names do not appear on the Grant Deed or Deed of Trust.

B. ASSETS:

There is no asset limitation for participation in the Program. Income from assets is, however, recognized as part of annual income under the Part 5 definition. An asset is a cash or non-cash item that can be converted to cash. The value of necessary items such as furniture and automobiles are not included. (Note: it is the income earned – e.g. interest on a saving's account – not the asset value, which is counted in annual income.)

An asset's cash value is the market value less reasonable expenses required to convert the asset to cash, including: Penalties or fees for converting financial holdings and costs for selling real property. The cash value (rather than the market value) of an item is counted as an asset. The Link to Asset Inclusions and Exclusions is:

http://www.hud.gov/offices/cpd/affordablehousing/training/calculator/definitions/treatment/inclusions.cfm

See Attachment B: Part 5 Assets Inclusions and Exclusions

2.3. DEFINITIONS OF AN ELIGIBLE HOMEBUYER

- A. An eligible homebuyer means an individual or individuals or an individual and his or her spouse who meets the income eligibility requirements and is/are not currently on title to real property. Persons may be on title of a manufactured home unit, who are planning to sell the unit as part of buying a home located on real property. Documentation of homebuyer status will be required for all homebuyers. *Note: Jurisdictions with CDBG-funded programs may develop their own definitions of an eligible homebuyer, and may choose to assist eligible homebuyers who are not "first-time" homebuyers.* HOME- and CalHome-funded Programs are required to use the following definition of an eligible homebuyer, which is a "first-time homebuyer" from 8201 (k) Title 25 California Code of Regulations:
- B. "First-time homebuyer" means an individual or individuals or an individual and his or her spouse who have not owned a home during the three-year period before the purchase of a home with subsidy assistance, except that the following individual or individuals may not be excluded from

consideration as a first-time homebuyer under this definition:

- a displaced homemaker who, while a homemaker, owned a home with his or her spouse or resided in a home owned by the spouse. A displaced homemaker is an adult who has not, within the preceding two years, worked on a full-time basis as a member of the labor force for a consecutive twelve-month period and who has been unemployed or underemployed, experienced difficulty in obtaining or upgrading employment and worked primarily without remuneration to care for his or her home and family;
- a single parent who, while married, owned a home with his or her spouse or resided in a home owned by the spouse. A single parent is an individual who is unmarried or legally separated from a spouse and has one or more minor children for whom the individual has custody or joint custody or is pregnant; and
- 3) an individual or individuals who owns or owned, as a principal residence during the three-year period before the purchase of a home with assistance, a dwelling unit whose structure is:
 - a) not permanently affixed to a permanent foundation in accordance with local or state regulations; or
 - b) not in compliance with state, local, or model building codes and cannot be brought into compliance with such codes for less than the cost of constructing a permanent structure.

3.0. HOUSING UNIT ELIGIBILITY

3.1. LOCATION AND CHARACTERISTICS

it is located on a permanent foundation system.

	area is described as follows: (for example, "Within theCity limits"	; or
	"In the target area known as", or; for HOME, "Within the target area known as"	ne
	unincorporated area of County", or; "Within the community of	
	as further defined by the map attached as Exhibit"	
B.	. Housing unit types eligible for the Homebuyer Assistance Program are new or previously owned: single-family detached houses, halfplex, duplex, triplex or quadplex houses, condominiums, or manufactured homes in mobile home part in a common-interest development or on a single-family lot and placed on a	
	permanent foundation system. HOME does not allow manufactured homes up	nless

A. Housing units to be purchased must be located within the eligible area. The eligible

- C. All housing units must be in compliance with State and local codes and ordinances.
- D. Housing units located within a 100-year flood zone will be required to provide proof of flood insurance in order to close escrow.

3.2. CONDITION

A. Construction Inspection and Determining Need for Repairs.

Once the participating homebuyer has executed a purchase agreement for a housing unit not requiring participation in Sponsor's housing rehabilitation program, and prior to a commitment of Program funds, the following steps must be taken for the housing unit to be eligible for purchase under the Program:

- The Program Operator's construction inspector will walk through the housing unit, determine if it is structurally sound, and identify any code related and health and safety deficiencies that need to be corrected. A list of code related repair items will be given to the homebuyers and their Realtor to be negotiated with the seller.
- 2) When the Sponsor's Program utilizes Federal funds and if the housing unit was constructed prior to 1978 then the lead-based paint requirements of Section 3.2.E will apply.
- 3) A clear pest inspection report will be required for each housing unit. Smoke detectors will be installed if there are none in place. The Program Operator will encourage each homebuyer to secure a homeowner's warranty policy as part of the purchase of a resale housing unit.
- 4) Upon completion of all work required by the construction inspector, a final inspection will be conducted prior to close of escrow. The inspector will sign off on all required construction work assuring that each housing unit receiving Program assistance is in compliance with local codes and health and safety requirements at the time of purchase and prior to occupancy.
- B. After a home is purchased using this Program (unless a commitment is made to rehabilitate the home in conjunction with the purchase) such home shall not be eligible for the Sponsor's housing rehabilitation program, if any, for the relevant period of affordability. *Note: All three HCD programs allow purchase and rehabilitation concurrently.*

Note: For HOME-funded programs - during the first year after the rehabilitation project is complete, the Sponsor may commit additional funds

- to a project. After the first year, no additional HOME funds may be provided during the period of affordability (except a homebuyer may be assisted to acquire a unit previously assisted with HOME funds).
- C. If the assisted homebuyer is acquiring and rehabilitating a home with Program funds:
 - 1) The housing unit must be free from any defects that pose a danger to the health and safety of occupants before occupancy (and for HOME-funded programs any deficiencies must be corrected not later than six months after the transfer is made to the owner). The construction inspector must inspect the housing unit again at project completion. The housing unit must meet written rehabilitation standards and local codes and ordinances at project completion (and for HOME within two years of property transfer to the owner).
 - 2) The Sponsor's Housing Rehabilitation Guidelines will be adhered to.
- D. Housing unit size shall be sufficient to meet the needs of the homebuyer household, without overcrowding. Generally, this means not more than two persons per bedroom or living room.
- E. Lead Based Paint Hazards: All housing units built prior to 1978 for which HOME or CDBG funding is anticipated are subject to the requirements of this section 3.2.E. Such homes must undergo a visual assessment by a person who has taken HUD's online Visual Assessment course. Deteriorated paint must be stabilized using work safe methods. Clearance must be obtained after paint stabilization by a DHS certified LBP Risk Assessor/Inspector. (Note: The Sponsor may choose to pick up the cost as an incentive to sellers who might not otherwise sell to a Program participant due to costs and potential delays due to dealing with lead-based paint requirements.) HOME and CDBG general administrative and activity delivery funds may be used to pay for lead-based paint visual assessments, and if lead mitigation and clearance costs are incurred, these programs may incorporate the costs into the calculation of Program (Note: the CDBG Program allows grants for lead hazard evaluation and reduction activities. The HOME Program allows grants for lead hazard evaluation and reduction activities only for acquisition with rehabilitation programs where the proposed paint stabilization measures do not add value to the home, and upon approval of revised regulations expected to be adopted in April, 2004, HOME will also allow grants for lead hazard evaluation and reduction activities that do not add value to the home for acquisition-only programs.)

The following requirements must be met:

1) **Notification**: a) Prior to homebuyer's obligation to purchase a pre-1978 home, the Buyer will be given a copy of and asked to read the EPA pamphlet "Protect Your family From Lead in Your Home". (EPA 747-K-94-001, *September 2001*) A signed receipt of the pamphlet will be kept in the Sponsor's homebuyer file; b) A notice to residents is required following a risk assessment/inspection using form DHS 8552, which is provided by the DHS-certified Risk Assessor/Inspector; c) a notice to residents is required following lead-based paint mitigation work using Visual Assessment and Lead-based Paint Notice of Presumption and Hazard Reduction form, LBP – 1 (Attachment J).

- Disclosure: Prior to the homebuyer's obligation to purchase a pre-1978 housing unit, the HUD disclosure (Attachment F), "Seller's Lead-based Paint Disclosure" notice must be provided by the seller to the homebuyer.
- 3) **Inspections:** The Inspector shall conduct a "Visual Assessment" of all the dwelling unit's painted surfaces in order to identify deteriorated paint. All deteriorated paint will be stabilized in accordance with CFR 35.1330 (a) and (b); and a Clearance shall be made in accordance with CFR 35.1340.
- 4) **Mitigation:** If stabilization is required, the contractor performing the mitigation work must use appropriately trained workers. Prior to the contractor starting mitigation work the Program Operator shall obtain copies of the contractor's and workers' appropriate proof of LBP training, as applicable to the job in order to assure that only qualified contractors and workers are allowed to perform the mitigation.
- Purchase Contract Contingency Language: Before a homebuyer is obligated under any contract to purchase a pre-1978 housing unit, the seller shall permit the homebuyer a 10-day period (unless the parties mutually agree, in writing, upon a different period of time) to conduct a risk assessment or inspection for the presence of lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards. (See Attachment G for sample lead-based paint contract contingency language).

A homebuyer may waive the opportunity to conduct the risk assessment or inspection by so indicating in writing, such as in Attachment F, item (e)(ii). In this case the purchase contract contingency language is not required.

F. The Program Operator will: 1) confirm that the housing unit is within the eligible area, and 2) will review each proposed housing unit to ensure that it meets all eligibility criteria before funding.

3.3 ANTI-DISPLACEMENT POLICY AND RELOCATION ASSISTANCE

Eligible homes will be those that are currently owner occupied or have been vacant for four months prior to the acceptance of a contract to purchase. It is not anticipated that the implementation of the Program will result in the displacement of any persons, households, or families. However, if tenant occupied homes are included in the Program and relocation becomes necessary, the activity will be carried out in compliance with Sponsor's relocation plan which describes how those permanently displaced will be relocated and paid benefits in accordance with the following Federal laws.

A. Uniform Relocation Assistance (URA) and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970

The federal URA and Real Property Acquisition Policies, as amended by the URA Amendments of 1987, contains requirements for carrying out real property acquisition or the displacement of a person, regardless of income status, for a project or program for which HUD financial assistance (including CDBG and HOME) is provided. Requirements governing real property acquisition are described in Chapter VIII. The implementing regulations, 49 CFR Part 24, require developers and owners to take certain steps in regard to tenants of housing to be acquired, rehabbed or demolished, including tenants who will not be relocated even temporarily.

B. Section 104(d) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974

Section 104 (d) requires each contractor (CHDO or State Recipient), as a condition of receiving assistance under HOME or CDBG, to certify that it is following a residential anti-displacement plan and relocation assistance plan. Section 104(d) also requires relocation benefits to be provided to low-income persons who are physically displaced or economically displaced as the result of a HOME or CDBG assisted project, and requires the replacement of low-income housing, which is demolished or converted. The implementing regulations for Section 104(d) can be found in 24 CFR Part 570(a).

3.4. PROPER NOTIFICATION AND DISCLOSURES

A. Upon selection of a housing unit, a qualified seller and homebuyer must be given the necessary disclosures for the Program. The homebuyer must have read and signed all Program disclosure forms. Any and all property disclosures must be reviewed and signed by the homebuyer and seller. (See Attachments for Sample disclosures.)

B. All owners who wish to sell their housing units must receive an acquisition notice (Attachment H) prior to submission of the homebuyer's original offer. This notice will be included in the contract and must be signed by all owners on title. The disclosure must contain the items listed in 1.3.B. (Required for federally funded Programs.

4.0. PURCHASE PRICE LIMITS

The purc	chase price l	limits for t	this Program,	by num	ber of u	nits in th	ne home,	are as
follows:	One-family	/ \$; Two-family	\$	_; Three	-family S	\$;	Four-
family \$_	·							

Note: Sponsor may eliminate multi-unit homes from consideration. For HOME-and CalHome-funded Programs the home purchase price of owner-occupied and homebuyer properties must be limited as follows: For CalHome-funded Programs, the purchase price can not exceed 100% of the area median purchase price as established by comparable sales or information provided by the California Real Estate Association; for HOME-funded Programs the value (with or without rehabilitation) can not exceed 95 percent of the area median purchase price -- see Attachment C. Sponsor may choose to establish lower limits if it sees fit. Sponsor is not required to establish a purchase price limit for solely CDBG-funded Programs.

Attachment C: MAXIMUM PURCHASE PRICE / AFTER REHAB VALUE LIMITS (as of July 27, 2005) *Sponsor will update these limits annually as HCD provides new information.

5.0. THE PRIMARY LOAN

Prior to obtaining a loan from the Sponsor, a homebuyer must provide evidence of financing for the maximum amount the Primary Lender is willing to loan (the "primary loan").

5.1. QUALIFYING RATIOS

Primary loans underwritten by FHA, USDA Rural Development, Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, or CalHFA will be acceptable to establish creditworthiness, repayment ability, and dependability of income. *Note: If none of the above primary loans are used, it will be up to the Sponsors to establish the front-and back-end ratios that will be allowable in their program. The ratios are calculated on the borrower's fixed monthly expenses to the household's gross monthly income.*

The front-end ratio shall be between __% and __% (28% to 35%, for example) and

is the percentage of a borrower's gross monthly income (before deductions) that would cover the cost of PITI (loan principal and interest payment + property taxes + property insurance). *Note: The borrower would qualify if the proposed monthly PITI payment were 35% or less than the borrower's gross monthly income.*

The back-end ratio shall be between __% and __% (36% to 49%, for example) and is the percentage of a borrower's gross monthly income that would cover the cost of PITI plus any other monthly debt payments like car or personal loans and credit card debt. Note: Qualifying ratio guidelines can be somewhat flexible depending on the loan-to-value ratios. The higher the LTV, the more conservative the ratios should be. A qualifying ratio higher than the guidelines may be acceptable if there are compensating factor. Some examples of compensating factors are: 1) the prospective homebuyer has successfully demonstrated that over a minimum 12-month period the ability to pay housing costs equal to or greater than the proposed monthly housing costs for the home to be purchased; 2) the prospective homebuyer is a limited user of credit and they show a history of being able to save money; 3) there will be no more than a 5% increase in the prospective homebuyer's housing expense.

5.2. INTEREST RATE

The rate of interest shall be fixed (not an adjustable rate mortgage, ARM) at the current market rate. If "Risk Rates" are applied (an interest rate that reflects the primary lender's loan risk) each loan shall be evaluated by the Sponsor on a case by case basis.

Note: for HOME-funded programs, upon approval of revised regulations expected to be adopted in April, 2004, the current market rate must be evidenced by the Effective Rate plus 50 basis points listed in the Federal Housing Finance Board's most recent Monthly Interest Rate Survey for the San Francisco District and no temporary interest rate buy-downs are permitted.

5.3. LOAN TERM

The primary loan shall be fully amortized and have a term "all due and payable" in no fewer than 30 years. There shall not be a balloon payment due before the maturity date of the Program loan.

Note: One exception under the CDBG and CalHome-funded Programs is that sponsor may incorporate into its guidelines a shorter term for loans to purchase manufactured homes not on permanent foundations.

5.4. IMPOUND ACCOUNT

All households will be required to have impound accounts for the payment of taxes and insurance to ensure they remain current.

6.0. THE PROGRAM LOAN

6.1. MAXIMUM AMOUNT OF PROGRAM ASSISTANCE

The amount of Program assistance to a homebuyer toward purchase of a home shall not exceed \$\sum_{\text{(Example \$45,000)}}\$. Any approved "grant" amount for lead-based paint evaluation and mitigation activities or for closing costs shall be included in this amount. Note: The CalHome and CDBG Programs do not have a specific subsidy limit, but Sponsor must establish a subsidy limit for the local Program. The following HOME subsidy limits (updated each year by HUD) control the amount of HOME Program assistance that may be provided to a Program homebuyer. The loan amount may be lower than the County's HUD-published limits.

Attachment D: HOME SUBSIDY LIMITS PER UNIT – SECTION 221(d) (3)

6.2. NON-RECURRING CLOSING COSTS

Non-recurring costs such as credit report, escrow, closing and recording fees, and title report and title insurance, title updates and/or related costs may be included in the Program loan.

6.3 AFFORDABILITY PARAMETERS FOR BUYERS

The actual amount of a buyer's Program subsidy shall be computed according to the housing ratio parameters specified in Section 5.1. Each borrower shall receive only the subsidy needed to allow them to become homeowners ("the Gap") while keeping their housing costs affordable. The primary lender will use the "front-end ratio" of housing-expense-to-income to determining the amount of the primary loan and, ultimately, the program subsidy amount required, bridging the gap between the purchase price (less down payment) and the amount of the primary loan.

6.4. RATE AND TERMS FOR PROGRAM LOANS

All Program assistance to individual households shall be made in the form of deferred payment (interest and principal) loan. Below in A and B are the two types of interests that are allowed on the program loan. The Sponsor may elect to do both types of interest but not on the same loan. The homebuyer may either be offered type A or B (explained below) on their Program loan.

A. The Program loan's term shall be for at least as long as the primary loan. The interest rate (for CalHome and HOME ranging from 0 to 3 percent) shall be ___% (to be established here, depending on the HCD Program the Sponsor will be using). All Program loan payments shall be deferred

because the borrowers will have their repayment ability fully utilized under the primary loan. Note: The Sponsor may allow forgiveness of all or a portion of the accrued interest as part of a local program design. Loan principal shall not be forgiven, unless allowed by statute. In lieu of making loans bearing a fixed rate of interest, Sponsors may instead charge contingent deferred interest in the form of shared net appreciation as set forth in Section B (CalHome only).

B. Option for Shared Net Appreciation

Shared net appreciation may be offered as an alternative to the standard loan terms in Section 6.4.A., above, only with the following terms (CalHome requirement):

- 1) Gross appreciation is calculated by subtracting the original sales price from the current sales price or the current appraised value if the loan accelerating event is other than sale of the property;
- 2) Net appreciation is calculated by subtracting the seller's applicable closing costs, seller's cash contribution in the original purchase transaction, the value of seller's sweat equity, if applicable, and the documented value of capital improvements from the gross appreciation amount;
- The Sponsor may only claim repayment of the principal and a portion of the net appreciation. That maximum portion of the net appreciation which may be claimed by the Sponsor is equal to the percentage of the value of the home financed by the Program loan. That is, if the loan equals 20% of the initial value of the home, a maximum of 20% of the net appreciation may be charged by the sponsor;
- 4) In any loan where the Program loan is the only subsidy, the borrower cannot be restricted from selling the home at its fair market value at any time;
- 5) Loans shall have a term at least as long as the Primary loan.

6.5. LOAN-TO-VALUE RATIO

The loan-to-value ratio for a CalHome Program loan, when combined with all other indebtedness to be secured by the property, shall not exceed 100 percent of the sales price plus a maximum of up to 5 percent of the sales price to cover actual closing costs.

7.0. PROGRAM LOAN REPAYMENT

7.1. PAYMENTS ARE VOLUNTARY

Borrowers may begin making voluntary payments at any time, upon notification to and approval of the **Sponsor**.

7.2. RECEIVING LOAN PAYMENTS

Α.	Program Ioan payments will be made to:
	(Name of Program Sponsor)
	(Mailing address of lender)
	(City, state, zip)

B. The Sponsor will be the receiver of loan payments or recapture funds and will maintain a financial record-keeping system to record payments and file statements on payment status. Payments shall be deposited and accounted for in the Sponsor's Program Income Account, as required by all three HCD programs. The Program lender will accept loan payments from borrowers prepaying deferred loans, and from borrowers making payments in full upon sale or transfer of the property. All loan payments are payable to the Sponsor. The Sponsor may at its discretion, enter into an agreement with a third party to collect and distribute payments and/or complete all loan servicing aspects of the Program.

7.3. DUE UPON SALE OR TRANSFER

- A. Loans are due upon sale or transfer of title (unless assumable as in B below) or when borrower no longer occupies the home as his/her principal residence or upon the loan maturity date. The loan will be in default if the borrower fails to maintain required fire or flood insurance or fails to pay property taxes. See Attachment E on loan defaults for further information on property restrictions.
- B. Program loans may or may not be assumable according to the HCD program and the loan documents.

7.4. LOAN SERVICING POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

A. See Attachment E for local loan servicing policies and procedures. While the attached policy outlines a system that can accommodate a crisis that restricts borrower repayment ability, it should in no way be misunderstood: The loan must be repaid. All legal means to ensure the repayment of a delinquent loan as outlined in the Loan Servicing Policies and Procedures will be pursued.

7.5. LOAN MONITORING PROCEDURES

Sponsor will monitor Borrowers and their housing units to ensure adherence to Program requirements including, but not limited to, the following:

- A. Owner-occupancy
- B. Property tax payment
- C. Hazard insurance coverage
- D. Good standing on Primary loans
- E. General upkeep of housing units

8.0. PROGRAM LOAN PROCESSING AND APPROVAL

A. Loan Processing

All homebuyers or their representatives will be sent out an eligibility packet with all the necessary forms, disclosures, information, and application. They should submit a complete application packet with all the Sponsor's Program loan documents executed as well as all the information from the Primary Lender. The Primary Lender should submit: 1) accepted property sales contract with proper seller notification; 2) mortgage application with good faith estimates and first mortgage disclosures; 3) full mortgage credit report and rent verification; 4) current third party income verifications and verifications of assets; 5) homeownership education certificate, if applicable. Staff will work with local lenders to ensure qualified participants receive only the benefit from the **Sponsor**'s Program needed to purchase the housing unit and that leveraged funds will be used when possible, for example in many cases the Primary Lender will not require mortgage insurance with the Sponsor's second in place which will save on the homebuyer's monthly payment.

B. Credit worthiness

Qualifying ratios are only a rough guideline in determining a potential borrower's credit-worthiness. Many factors such as excellent or poor credit history, amount of down payment, and size of loan will influence the decision to approve or disapprove a particular loan. The borrower's credit history will be reviewed by the Sponsor and documentation of such maintained in the loan file. The Sponsor may elect to obtain a credit report or rely on a current copy obtained by the primary lender.

C. Documents from Primary Lender

After initial review of the qualified homebuyer's application packet, the

Program Operator will request any additional documents needed. Documents may be faxed but originals shall be received through the mail before Program funds are committed to escrow. Based on receipt and review of the final documents, the Program Operator will do an income certification (using most recent HCD program's guidance on income calculation and determination), and homebuyer certification (review of credit report and income taxes). Documentation of affordability will then be verified and subsidy requirement determined.

D. Disclosure of Program and Loan Information to Homebuyers

The Program's application and disclosure forms will contain a summary of the loan qualifications of the borrower with and without Program assistance. Housing ratios with and without Program assistance are also outlined in these guidelines. Information on the Program's application will be documented with third party verifications in the file. For example, the sales contact will provide the final purchase price and outline how much of the closing costs are to be paid by the seller, etc. The appraisal, termite and title report will provide information to substantiate the information in the sales contract and guide the construction inspection. The Program loan application will provide current debt and housing information and will be documented by the credit report and income/asset verifications. The Primary Lender's approval letter and estimated closing cost statement should reflect all the information in the loan package and show any contingencies of loan funding. Reviewing the Primary Lender's loan underwriting documentation will provide basic information about the qualification of the applicant and substantiate the affordability provided by the Program loan. By reviewing and crosschecking all the Primary Lender information, the final Program loan amount approved will fall within the affordability parameters of the Program.

8.1. COMPLETION OF UNDERWRITING AND APPROVAL OF PROGRAM LOAN

Once the loan approval package has been completed the Program Operator will submit it to the Sponsor for approval. Sponsor will review the request and may approve it with or without conditions. Upon approval, a final closing date for escrow is set and Program funds are accessed for the homebuyer.

8.2. PRIMARY AND PROGRAM LOAN DOCUMENT SIGNING

The homebuyer(s) sign both promissory notes, deeds of trust, and statutory lending notices (right of rescission, truth in lending, etcetera); the deeds of trust are recorded with the County Clerk/Recorder at the same time, and the request(s) for copy of notice of default are also recorded with the County Clerk/Recorder.

8.3. ESCROW PROCEDURES

The escrow/title company shall review the escrow instruction provided by the Program lender and shall issue a California Land Title Association (CLTA) and the American Land Title Association (ALTA) after closing. The CLTA policy is issued to the homebuyer and protects them against failure of title based on public records and against such unrecorded risks as forgery of a deed. The ALTA is issued to each lender providing additional coverage for the physical aspects of the property as well as the homebuyer's title failure. These aspects include anything which can be determined only by physical inspection, such as correct survey lines; encroachments; mechanics liens; mining claims and water rights. The Program lender instructs the escrow/title company in the escrow instructions as to what may show on the policy; the amount of insurance on the policy (all liens should be covered) and the loss payee (each lender should be listed as a loss payee and receive an original ALTA).

9.0. SUBORDINATE FINANCING

With today's high costs, in order for a low-income household to obtain a home, several funding sources might be required. Subordinate loans may be used to cover mortgage subsidy costs that exceed the Program maximum loan amount. All subordinate liens must have the payments deferred and the term must be for at least as long as the term of the Program loan.

10.0. EXCEPTIONS AND SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES

10.1. DEFINITION OF EXCEPTION

Any case to which a standard policy or procedure, as stated in the guidelines, does not apply or an applicant treated differently from others of the same class would be an exception.

10.2. PROCEDURES FOR EXCEPTIONAL CIRCUMSTANCES

- A. The **Sponsor** or its agent may initiate consideration of an exception and prepare a report. This report shall contain a narrative, including the Sponsor's recommended course of action and any written or verbal information supplied by the applicant.
- B. The **Sponsor** shall make a determination of the exception based on the recommendation of the Program Operator. The request can be presented to the Sponsor's loan committee and/or governing body for a decision.

11.0. DISPUTE RESOLUTION AND APPEALS PROCEDURE

Any applicant denied assistance from the Program has the right to appeal. The appeal must be made in writing. **Sponsor** has 30 days to review the appeal, seek recommendations from the loan committee, or if none, the sponsor's governing body, and respond in writing to the applicant.

ATTACHMENT A

24 CFR Part 5 ANNUAL INCOME INCLUSIONS AND EXCLUSIONS

Part 5 Inclusions

This table presents the Part 5 income inclusions as stated in the Code of Federal Regulations.

General Category	Statement from 24 CFR 5.609 paragraph (b) (April 1, 1998)
Income from wages, salaries, tips, etc.	The full amount, before any payroll deductions, of wages and salaries, overtime pay, commissions, fees, tips and bonuses, and other compensation for personal services.
2. Business Income	Net income from the operation of a business or profession. Expenditures for business expansion or amortization of capital indebtedness cannot be used as deductions in determining net income. An allowance for depreciation of assets used in a business or profession may be deducted, based on straight-line depreciation, as provided in Internal Revenue Service regulations. Any withdrawal of cash or assets from the operation of a business or profession will be included in income, except to the extent the withdrawal is reimbursement of cash or assets invested in the operation by the family.
3. Interest & Dividend Income	Interest, dividends, and other net income of any kind from real or personal property. Expenditures for amortization of capital indebtedness shall not be used as deductions in determining net income. An allowance for depreciation is permitted only as authorized in number 2 (above). Any withdrawal of cash or assets from an investment will be included in income, except to the extent the withdrawal is reimbursement of cash or assets invested by the family. Where the family has net family assets in excess of \$5,000, annual income shall include the greater of the actual income derived from all net family assets or a percentage of the value of such assets based on the current passbook savings rate, as determined by HUD.
4. Retirement & Insurance Income	The full amount of periodic payments received from Social Security, annuities, insurance policies, retirement funds, pensions, disability or death benefits, and other similar types of periodic receipts, including a lump-sum amount or prospective monthly amounts for the delayed start of a periodic payment (except as provided in number 14 of Income Exclusions).
5. Unemployment & Disability Income	Payments in lieu of earnings, such as unemployment and disability compensation, worker's compensation and severance pay (except as provided in number 3 of Income Exclusions).
6. Welfare Assistance	Welfare Assistance. If the welfare assistance payment includes an amount specifically designated for shelter and utilities that is subject to adjustment by the welfare assistance agency in accordance with the actual cost of shelter and utilities, the amount of welfare assistance income to be included as income shall consist of: the amount of the allowance or grant exclusive of the amount specifically designated for shelter or utilities; plus the maximum amount that the welfare assistance agency could in fact allow the family for shelter and utilities. If the family welfare assistance is ratably reduced from the standard of need by applying a percentage, the amount calculated under this paragraph is the amount resulting from one application of the percentage.
7. Alimony, Child Support, & Gift Income	Periodic and determinable allowances, such as alimony and child support payments, and regular contributions or gifts received from organizations or from persons not residing in the dwelling.
8. Armed Forces Income	All regular pay, special day and allowances of a member of the Armed Forces (except as provided in number 7 of Income Exclusions).

Part 5 exclusions

This table presents the Part 5 income exclusions as stated in the Code of Federal Regulations.

General Category	Statement from 24 CFR 5.609 paragraph (c) (April 1, 1998)
1. Income of Children	Income from employment of children (including foster children) under the age of 18 years.
	Payments received for the care of foster children or foster adults (usually persons with disabilities, unrelated to the tenant family, who are unable to live alone).
Insurance Income	Lump-sum additions to family assets, such as inheritances, insurance payments (including payments under health and accident insurance and worker's compensation), capital gains and settlement for personal or property losses (except as provided in number 5 of Income Inclusions).
1	Amounts received by the family that are specifically for, or in reimbursement of, the cost of medical expenses for any family member.
5. Income of Live-in Aides	Income of a live-in aide (as defined in 24 CFR5.403).
II .	The full amount of student financial assistance paid directly to the student or to the educational institution.

7. "Hostile Fire" Pay	The special pay to a family member serving in the Armed Forces who is exposed to hostile fire.						
8. Self-Sufficiency	Amounts received under training programs funded by HUD.						
Program Income	 Amounts received by a person with a disability that are disregarded for a limited time for purposes of Supplemental Security Income eligibility and benefits because they are set side for use under a Plan to Attain Self-Sufficiency (PASS). 						
	 Amounts received by a participant in other publicly assisted programs that are specifically for, or in reimbursement of, out-of-pocket expenses incurred (special equipment, clothing, transportation, childcare, etc.) and that are made solely to allow participation in a specific program. 						
	4. Amounts received under a resident service stipend (as defined in 24 CFR 5.609(c)(8)(iv).						
	5. Incremental earnings and benefits resulting to any family member from participation in qualifying state or local employment training programs (including training not affiliated with a local government) and training of a family member as resident management staff. Amounts excluded by this provision must be received under employment training programs with clearly defined goals and objectives, and are excluded only for the period during which the family member participates in the employment-training program.						
9. Gifts	Temporary, nonrecurring, or sporadic income (including gifts).						
10. Reparation Payments	Reparation payments paid by a foreign government pursuant to claims under the laws of that government by persons who were persecuted during the Nazi era.						
_	Earnings in excess of \$480 for each full-time student 18 years old or older (excluding the head of household or spouse).						
12. Adoption Assistance Payments	Adoption assistance payments in excess of \$480 per adopted child.						
13. Family Support Act Income	For public housing only, the earnings and benefits to any family member resulting from the participation in a program providing employment training and supportive services in accordance with the Family Support Act of 1988, section 22 of the 1937 Act (43 U.S.C. 1437t), or any comparable federal, state or local law during the exclusion period.						
14. Social Security & SSI Income	Deferred periodic amounts from SSI and Social Security benefits that are received in a lump sum amount or in prospective monthly amounts.						
15. Property Tax Refunds	Amounts received by the family in the form of refunds or rebates under state or local law for property taxes paid on the dwelling unit.						
16. Home Care Assistance	Amounts paid by a state agency to a family with a member who has a developmental disability and is living at home to offset the cost of services and equipment needed to keep this developmentally disabled family member at home.						
17. Other Federal Exclusions	Amounts specifically excluded by any other federal statute from consideration as income for purposes of determining eligibility or benefits under a category of assistance programs that includes assistance under any program to which the exclusions of 24 CFR 5.609(c) apply, including:						
	The value of the allotment made under the Food Stamp Act of 1977;						
	Payments received under the Domestic Volunteer Service Act of 1973 (employment through VISTA, Retired Senior Volunteer Program, Foster Grandparents Program, youthful offender incarceration alternatives, senior companions);						
	Payments received under the Alaskan Native Claims Settlement Act;						
	Payments from the disposal of funds of the Grand River Band of Ottawa Indians;						
	Payments from certain sub-marginal U.S. land held in trust for certain Indian tribes;						
	Payments, rebates or credits received under Federal Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Programs (includes any winter differentials given to the elderly);						
	Payments received under the Main Indian Claims Settlement Act of 1980 (Pub. L. 96-420, 9z Stat. 1785);						

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The first \$2,000 of per capita shares received from judgments awarded by the Indian Claims Commission or the Court of Claims or from funds the Secretary of Interior holds in trust for an Indian tribe:

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Amounts of scholarships funded under Title IV of the Higher Education act of 1965, including awards under the Federal work-study program or under the Bureau of Indian Affairs student assistance programs, or veterans benefits;

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Payments received under Title V of the Older Americans Act (Green Thumb, Senior Aides, Older American Community Service Employment Program);

٠

Payments received after January 1, 1989, from the Agent Orange Settlement Fund or any other fund established pursuant to the settlement in the In Re Agent Orange product liability litigation, M.D.L. No. 381 (E.D.N.Y.);

٠

Earned income tax credit;

٠

The value of any child care provided or reimbursed under the Child Care and Development Block Grant Act of 1990; and

•

Payments received under programs funded in whole or in part under the Job Training Partnership Act (employment and training programs for native Americans and migrant and seasonal farm workers, Job Corps, veterans employment programs, State job training programs and career intern programs).

ATTACHMENT B

24 CFR Part 5 ASSETS INCLUSIONS AND EXCLUSIONS

This table presents the Part 5 asset inclusions and exclusions as stated in the Code of Federal Regulations.

Statements from 24 CFR Part 5 - April 1, 1998

Inclusions

- 1. Cash held in savings accounts, checking accounts, safe deposit boxes, homes, etc. For savings accounts, use the current balance. For checking accounts, use the average 6-month balance.
- 2. Cash value of revocable trusts available to the applicant.
- 3. Equity in rental property or other capital investments. Equity is the estimated current market value of the asset less the unpaid balance on all loans secured by the asset and all reasonable costs (e.g., broker fees) that would be incurred in selling the asset. Under HOME, equity in the family's primary residence is not considered in the calculation of assets for owner-occupied rehabilitation projects.
- 4. Cash value of stocks, bonds, Treasury bills, certificates of deposit and money market accounts.
- 5. Individual retirement and Keogh accounts (even though withdrawal would result in a penalty).
- 6. Retirement and pension funds.
- 7. Cash value of life insurance policies available to the individual before death (e.g., surrender value of a whole life or universal life policy).
- 8. Personal property held as an investment such as gems, jewelry, coin collections, antique cars, etc.
- 9. Lump sum or one-time receipts, such as inheritances, capital gains, lottery winnings, victim's restitution, insurance settlements and other amounts not intended as periodic payments.
- 10. Mortgages or deeds of trust held by an applicant.

Exclusions

- 1. Necessary personal property, except as noted in number 8 of Inclusions, such as clothing, furniture, cars and vehicles specially equipped for persons with disabilities.
- 2. Interest in Indian trust lands.
- 3. Assets not effectively owned by the applicant. That is, when assets are held in an individual's name, but the assets and any income they earn accrue to the benefit of someone else who is not a member of the household and that other person is responsible for income taxes incurred on income generated by the asset.
- 4. Equity in cooperatives in which the family lives.
- 5. Assets not accessible to and that provide no income for the applicant.
- 6. Term life insurance policies (i.e., where there is no cash value).
- 7. Assets that are part of an active business. "Business" does not include rental of properties that are held as an investment and not a main occupation.

ATTACHMENT C

MAXIMUM PURCHASE PRICE / AFTER REHAB VALUE (as of July 27, 2005)

County Name	One-Family	Two-Family	Three-Family	Four- Family	Last Revised
ALAMEDA	\$312,895	\$400,548	\$484,155	\$601,692	01/01/05
ALPINE	\$312,895	\$400,548	\$484,155	\$567,750	04/08/05
AMADOR	\$308,750	\$347,750	\$422,500	\$487,500	06/01/05
BUTTE	\$251,750	\$283,550	\$344,500	\$397,500	06/01/05
CALAVERAS	\$312,550	\$352,000	\$427,700	\$493,500	02/10/05
COLUSA	\$233,200	\$262,650	\$319,150	\$368,250	06/01/05
CONTRA COSTA	\$312,895	\$400,548	\$484,155	\$601,692	01/01/05
DEL NORTE	\$185,250	\$220,992	\$267,120	\$331,968	03/25/05
EL DORADO	\$312,895	\$371,321	\$449,181	\$532,500	01/01/05
FRESNO	\$251,750	\$283,550	\$344,500	\$397,500	07/08/05
GLENN	\$186,200	\$220,992	\$267,120	\$331,968	06/03/05
HUMBOLDT	\$261,250	\$294,250	\$357,500	\$412,500	06/22/05
IMPERIAL	\$182,850	\$220,992	\$267,120	\$331,968	07/08/05
INYO	\$299,250	\$337,050	\$409,500	\$472,500	07/08/05
KERN	\$228,000	\$256,800	\$312,000	\$360,000	07/08/05
KINGS	\$190,000	\$220,992	\$267,120	\$331,968	07/08/05
LAKE	\$223,250	\$251,450	\$305,500	\$352,500	05/26/05
LASSEN	\$172,632	\$220,992	\$267,120	\$331,968	01/01/05
LOS ANGELES	\$312,895	\$400,548	\$484,155	\$601,692	01/01/05
MADERA	\$256,500	\$288,900	\$351,000	\$405,000	07/08/05
MARIN	\$312,895	\$400,548	\$484,155	\$601,692	01/01/05
MARIPOSA	\$308,750	\$347,750	\$422,500	\$487,500	07/08/05
MENDOCINO	\$312,895	\$370,200	\$449,800	\$519,000	02/24/05
MERCED	\$301,150	\$339,150	\$412,100	\$475,500	07/08/05
MODOC	\$172,632	\$220,992	\$267,120	\$331,968	01/01/05
MONO	\$312,895	\$400,548	\$484,155	\$601,692	04/21/05
MONTEREY	\$312,895	\$400,548	\$484,155	\$601,692	01/01/05
NAPA	\$312,895	\$400,548	\$484,155	\$601,692	01/01/05
NEVADA	\$312,895	\$400,548	\$484,155	\$600,000	02/10/05
ORANGE	\$312,895	\$400,548	\$484,155	\$601,692	01/01/05
PLACER	\$312,895	\$371,321	\$449,181	\$532,500	01/01/05

ATTACHMENT C

MAXIMUM PURCHASE PRICE / AFTER REHAB VALUE (as of July 27, 2005)

County Name	One-Family	Two-Family	Three-Family	Four- Family	Last Revised
NAPA	\$312,895	\$400,548	\$484,155	\$601,692	01/01/05
NEVADA	\$312,895	\$400,548	\$484,155	\$600,000	02/10/05
ORANGE	\$312,895	\$400,548	\$484,155	\$601,692	01/01/05
PLACER	\$312,895	\$371,321	\$449,181	\$532,500	01/01/05
PLUMAS	\$256,500	\$288,900	\$351,000	\$405,000	06/01/05
RIVERSIDE	\$312,895	\$363,800	\$442,000	\$510,000	02/10/05
SACRAMENTO	\$312,895	\$371,321	\$449,181	\$532,500	01/01/05
SAN BENITO	\$312,895	\$400,548	\$484,155	\$601,692	01/01/05
SAN BERNARDINO	\$312,895	\$363,800	\$442,000	\$510,000	02/10/05
SAN DIEGO	\$312,895	\$400,548	\$484,155	\$601,692	01/01/05
SAN FRANCISCO	\$312,895	\$400,548	\$484,155	\$601,692	01/01/05
SAN JOAQUIN	\$312,895	\$358,450	\$435,500	\$502,500	02/10/05
SAN LUIS OBISPO	\$312,895	\$400,548	\$484,155	\$601,692	01/01/05
SAN MATEO	\$312,895	\$400,548	\$484,155	\$601,692	01/01/05
SANTA BARBARA	\$312,895	\$400,548	\$484,155	\$601,692	01/01/05
SANTA CLARA	\$312,895	\$400,548	\$484,155	\$601,692	01/01/05
SANTA CRUZ	\$312,895	\$400,548	\$484,155	\$601,692	01/01/05
SHASTA	\$231,800	\$261,050	\$317,200	\$366,000	06/28/05
SIERRA	\$172,632	\$220,992	\$267,120	\$331,968	01/01/05
SISKIYOU	\$222,300	\$250,350	\$304,200	\$351,000	06/01/05
SOLANO	\$312,895	\$395,900	\$481,000	\$555,000	01/01/05
SONOMA	\$312,895	\$400,548	\$484,155	\$601,692	01/01/05
STANISLAUS	\$308,750	\$347,750	\$422,500	\$487,500	07/08/05
SUTTER	\$250,800	\$282,480	\$343,200	\$396,000	01/01/05
TEHAMA	\$172,632	\$220,992	\$267,120	\$331,968	01/01/05
TRINITY	\$199,500	\$224,700	\$273,000	\$331,968	06/22/05
TULARE	\$204,250	\$230,050	\$279,500	\$331,968	07/08/05
TUOLUMNE	\$272,650	\$307,050	\$373,100	\$430,500	05/25/05
VENTURA	\$312,895	\$400,548	\$484,155	\$601,692	01/01/05
YOLO	\$312,895	\$371,321	\$449,181	\$532,500	01/01/05
YUBA	\$250,800	\$282,480	\$343,200	\$396,000	01/01/05

Attachment D

Home Program Subsidy Limits Per Unit – Section 221(d)(3)

(All limits are effective 4/2/04 except those which are highlighted and are effective 1/1/05)

COUNTY NAME	O-BDR	1-BDR	2-BDR	3-BDR	4-BDR
ALAMEDA	\$104,938	\$120,289	\$146,273	\$189,226	\$207,711
ALPINE	\$103,128	\$118,215	\$143,751	\$185,963	\$204,130
AMADOR	\$103,128	\$118,215	\$143, 751	\$185, 963	\$204,130
BUTTE	\$98,605	\$113,030	\$137,446	\$177,807	\$195,177
CALAVERAS	\$98,605	\$113,030	\$137,446	\$177,807	\$195,177
COLUSA	\$100,415	\$115,104	\$139,968	\$181,069	\$198,758
CONTRA COSTA	\$104,485	\$119,771	\$145,643	\$188,410	\$206,816
DEL NORTE	\$95,439	\$109,401	\$133,033	\$172,097	\$188,910
EL DORADO	\$108,556	\$124,437	\$151,317	\$195,751	\$214,874
FRESNO	\$90,916	\$104,216	\$126,728	\$163,941	\$179,957
GLENN	\$100,415	\$115,104	\$139,968	\$181,069	\$198,758
HUMBOLDT	\$ 95,439	\$109,401	\$133,033	\$172,097	\$188,910
IMPERIAL	\$111,041	\$127,286	\$154,781	\$200,232	\$219,794
INYO	\$111,041	\$127,286	\$154,781	\$200,232	\$219,794
KERN	\$111,041	\$127,286	\$154,781	\$200,232	\$219,794
KINGS	\$86,845	\$99,550	\$121,054	\$156,600	\$171,899
LAKE	\$90,916	\$104,216	\$126,728	\$163,941	\$179,957
LASSEN	\$103,128	\$118,215	\$143,751	\$185,963	\$204,130
LOS ANGELES	\$111,041	\$127,286	\$154,781	\$200,232	\$219,794
MADERA	\$83,679	\$95,920	\$116,640	\$150,891	\$165,632
MARI N	\$102,676	\$117,697	\$143,121	\$185,148	\$203,235
MARIPOSA	\$86,845	\$99,550	\$121,054	\$156,600	\$171,899
MENDOCINO	\$85,940	\$98,513	\$119,793	\$154,969	\$170,108
MERCED	\$85,940	\$98,513	\$119,793	\$154,969	\$170,108
MODOC	\$103,128	\$118,215	\$143,751	\$185,963	\$204,130
MONO	\$111,041	\$127,286	\$154,781	\$200,232	\$219,794
MONTEREY	\$99,510	\$114,067	\$138,707	\$179,438	\$196,968
NAPA	\$98,605	\$113,030	\$137,446	\$177,807	\$195,177
NEVADA	\$104,033	\$119,252	\$145,012	\$187,594	\$205,921
ORANGE	\$111,041	\$127,286	\$154,781	\$200,232	\$219,794
PLACER	\$106,295	\$121,845	\$148,165	\$191,673	\$210,397
PLUMAS	\$102,224	\$117,178	\$142,490	\$184,332	\$202,340

Attachment D Home Program Subsidy Limits Per Unit – Section 221(d)(3)

(All limits are effective 4/2/04 except those which are highlighted and are effective 1/1/05)

COUNTY NAME	O-BDR	1-BDR	2-BDR	3-BDR	4-BDR
RIVERSIDE	\$111,041	\$127,286	\$154,781	\$200,232	\$219,794
SACRAMENTO	\$106,295	\$121,845	\$148,165	\$191,673	\$210,397
SAN BENITO	\$96,344	\$110,438	\$134,294	\$173,729	\$190,701
SAN BERNARDINO	\$111,041	\$127,286	\$154,781	\$200,232	\$219,794
SAN DIEGO	\$111,041	\$127,286	\$154,781	\$200,232	\$219,794
SAN FRANCISCO	\$108,556	\$124,437	\$151,317	\$195,751	\$214,874
SAN JOAQUIN	\$104,033	\$119,252	\$145,012	\$187,594	\$205,921
SAN LUIS OBISPO	\$111,041	\$127,286	\$154,781	\$200,232	\$219,794
SAN MATEO	\$103,581	\$118,734	\$144,382	\$186,779	\$205,025
SANTA BARBARA	\$111,041	\$127,286	\$154,781	\$200,232	\$219,794
SANTA CLARA	\$102,676	\$117,697	\$143,121	\$185,148	\$203,235
SANTA CRUZ	\$95,439	\$109,401	\$133,033	\$172,097	\$188,910
SHASTA	\$106,295	\$121,845	\$148,165	\$191,673	\$210,397
SIERRA	\$102,224	\$117,178	\$142,490	\$184,332	\$202,340
SISKIYOU	\$106,295	\$121,845	\$148,165	\$191,673	\$210,397
SOLANO	\$98,605	\$113,030	\$137,446	\$177,807	\$195,177
SONOMA	\$96,344	\$110,438	\$134,294	\$173,729	\$190,701
STANISLAUS	\$85,940	\$98,513	\$119,793	\$154,969	\$170,108
SUTTER	\$98,605	\$113,030	\$137,446	\$177,807	\$195,177
TEHAMA	\$106,295	\$121,845	\$148,165	\$191,673	\$210,397
TRINITY	\$108,104	\$123,919	\$150,687	\$194,935	\$213,979
TULARE	\$85,940	\$98,513	\$119,793	\$154,969	\$170,108
TUOLUMNE	\$97,701	\$111,993	\$136,185	\$176,176	\$193,386
VENTURA	\$111,041	\$127,286	\$154,781	\$200,232	\$219,794
YOLO	\$100,415	\$115,104	\$139,968	\$181,069	\$198,758
YUBA	\$97,701	\$111,993	\$136,185	\$176,176	\$193,386

Attachment E

LUAN SERVICING POLICIES AND PRO	CEDURES		
FOR	_		
Name of the City/County/Sponsor)	-		
The City/County of/Sponsor these policies and procedures in order to prese "Borrowers" have been assisted with public fu possible follow these policies and procedures to on a case-by-case basis. The Lender has form and federal regulations regarding the use of the restrictions, which are associated with them.	rve its financial interest in properties, who's nds. The Lender will to the greatest extent out each loan will be evaluated and handled ulated this document to comply with state		
The policies and procedures are broken down into the follow areas: 1) making required monthly payments or voluntary payments on a loan's principal and interest; 2) required payment of property taxes and insurance; 3) required Request for Notice of Default on all second mortgages; 4) loans with annual occupancy restrictions and certifications 5) required noticing and limitations on any changes in title or use of property; 6) required noticing and process for requesting a subordination during a refinance; 7) processing of foreclosure in case of default on the loan.			
1. Loan Repayments:			
The Lender will collect monthly payments from so under Notes, which are amortized promisson loan collection Com-			

For Notes, which are deferred payment loans; the Lender may accept voluntary payments on the loan. Loan payments will be credited to the interest first and then to principal. The borrower may repay the loan balance at any time with no penalty.

2. Payment of Property Taxes and Insurance:

charged for payments received after the assigned monthly date.

As part of keeping the loan from going into default, borrower must maintain property insurance coverage naming the Lender as loss payee in first position or additional insured if the loan is a junior lien. If borrower fails to maintain the necessary insurance, the Lender may take out forced place insurance to cover the property while the Borrower puts a new insurance policy in place. All costs for installing the necessary insurance will be added to the loan balance at time of installation of Borrower's new insurance.

When a property is located in a 100 year flood plain, the Borrower will be required to carry

the necessary flood insurance. A certificate of insurance for flood and for standard property insurance will be required at close of escrow. The lender may verify the insurance on an annual basis.

Property taxes must be kept current during the term of the loan. If the Borrower fails to maintain payment of property taxes then the lender may pay the taxes current and add the balance of the tax payment plus any penalties to the balance of the loan. Wherever possible, the Lender encourages Borrower to have impound accounts set up with their first mortgagee wherein they pay their taxes and insurance as part of their monthly mortgage payment.

3. Required Request for Notice of Default:

When the Borrower's loan is in second position behind an existing first mortgage, it is the Lender's policy to prepare and record a "Request for Notice of Default" for each senior lien in front of Lender's loan. This document requires any senior lien holder listed in the notice to notify the lender of initiation of a foreclosure action. The Lender will then have time to contact the Borrower and assist them in bringing the first loan current. The Lender can also monitor the foreclosure process and go through the necessary analysis to determine if the loan can be made whole or preserved. When the Lender is in a third position and receives notification of foreclosure from only one senior lien holder, it is in their best interest to contact any other senior lien holders regarding the status of their loans.

4. <u>Annual Occupancy Restrictions and Certifications:</u>

On some owner occupant loans the Lender may require that Borrowers submit utility bills and/or other documentation annually to prove occupancy during the term of the loan. Other loans may have income and housing cost evaluations, which require a household to document that they are not able to make repayments, typically every five years. These loan terms are incorporated in the original note and deed of trust.

5. Required Noticing and Restrictions on Any Changes of Title or Occupancy:

In all cases where there is a change in title or occupancy or use, the Borrower must notify the Lender in writing of any change. Lender and borrower will work together to ensure the property is kept in compliance with the original Program terms and conditions such that it remains available as an affordable home for low income families. These types of changes are typical when Borrowers do estate planning (adding a relative to title) or if a Borrower dies and property is transferred to heirs or when the property is sold or transferred as part of a business transaction. In some cases the Borrower may move and turn the property into a rental unit without notifying the Lender. Changes in title or occupancy must be in keeping with the objective of benefit to low-income households (below 80 percent of AMI).

Change from owner-occupant to owner-occupant occurs at a sale. When a new owner-occupant is not low-income, the loan is not assumable and the loan balance is immediately due and payable. If the new owner-occupant qualifies as low-income, the purchaser may either pay the loan in full or assume all loan repayment obligations of the original owner-occupant, subject to the approval of the Lender's Loan Committee (depends on the HCD program).

If a transfer of the property occurs through inheritance, the heir (as owner-occupant) may be provided the opportunity to assume the loan at an interest rate based on household size and household income, provided the heir is in the TIG. If the heir intends to occupy the property and is not low-income, the balance of the loan is due and payable. If the heir intends to act as an owner-investor, the balance of the loan may be converted to an owner/investor interest rate and loan term and a rent limitation agreement is signed and recorded on title. All such changes are subject to the review and approval of the Lender's Loan Committee.

Change from owner-occupant to owner-investor occurs when an owner-occupant decides to move out and rent the assisted property, or if the property is sold to an investor. If the owner converts any assisted unit from owner occupied to rental, the loan is due in full.

Conversion to use other than residential use is not allowable where the full use of the property is changed from residential to commercial or other. In some cases, Borrowers may request that the Lender allow for a partial conversion where some of the residence is used for a business but the household still resides in the property. Partial conversions can be allowed if it is reviewed and approved by any and all agencies required by local statute. If the use of the property is converted to a fully non-residential use, the loan balance is due and payable.

6. Requests for Subordinations:

When a Borrower wishes to refinance the property, they must request a subordination request to the Lender. The Lender will only subordinate their loan when there is no "cash out" as part of the refinance. Cash out means there are no additional charges on the transaction above loan and escrow closing fees. There can be no third party debt pay offs or additional encumbrance on the property above traditional refinance transaction costs. Furthermore, the refinance should lower the housing cost of the household with a lower interest rate and the total indebtedness on the property should not exceed the current market value.

Upon receiving the proper documentation from the refinance lender, the request will be considered by the loan committee for review and approval. Upon approval, the escrow company will provide the proper subordination document for execution and recordation by the Lender.

7. Process for Loan Foreclosure:

Upon any condition of loan default: 1) non payment; 2) lack of insurance or property tax payment; 3) violation of rent limitation agreement; 4) change in title or use without approval; 5) default on senior loans, the Lender will send out a letter to the Borrower notifying them of the default situation. If the default situation continues then the Lender may start a formal process of foreclosure.

When a senior lien holder starts a foreclosure process and the Lender is notified via a Request for Notice of Default, the Lender, who is the junior lien holder, may cancel the foreclosure proceedings by "reinstating" the senior lien holder. The reinstatement amount or payoff amount must be obtained by contacting the senior lien holder. This amount will include all delinquent payments, late charges and fees to date. Lender must confer with Borrower to determine if, upon paying the senior lien holder current, the Borrower can provide future payments. If this is the case then the Lender may cure the foreclosure and add the costs to the balance of the loan with a Notice of Additional Advance on the existing note.

If the Lender determines, based on information on the reinstatement amount and status of borrower, that bringing the loan current will not preserve the loan, then staff must determine if it is cost effective to protect their position by paying off the senior lien holder in total and restructure the debt such that the unit is made affordable to the Borrower. If the Lender does not have sufficient funds to pay the senior lien holder in full, then they may choose to cure the senior lien holder and foreclose on the property them selves. As long as there is sufficient value in the property, the Lender can afford to pay for the foreclosure process and pay off the senior lien holder and retain some or all of their investment.

If the Lender decides to reinstate, the senior lien holder will accept the amount to reinstate the loan up until five (5) days prior to the set "foreclosure sale date." This "foreclosure sale date" usually occurs about four (4) to six (6) months from the date of recording of the "Notice of Default." If the Lender fails to reinstate the senior lien holder before five (5) days prior to the foreclosure sale date, the senior lien holder would then require a full pay off of the balance, plus costs, to cancel foreclosure. If the Lender determines the reinstatement and maintenance of the property not to be cost effective and allows the senior lien holder to complete foreclosure, the Lender's lien may be eliminated due to insufficient sales proceeds.

8. Lender as Senior Lien holder

When the Lender is first position as a senior lien holder, active collection efforts will begin on any loan that is 31 or more days in arrears. Attempts will be made to assist the homeowner in bringing and keeping the loan current. These attempts will be conveyed in an increasingly urgent manner until loan payments have reached 90 days in arrears, at which time the Lender may consider foreclosure. Lender's staff will consider the following factors before initiating foreclosure:

- 1) Can the loan be cured and can the rates and terms be adjusted to allow for affordable payments such that foreclosure is not necessary?
- 2) Can the Borrower refinance with a private lender and pay off the Lender?
- 3) Can the Borrower sell the property and pay off the Lender?
- 4) Does the balance warrant foreclosure? (If the balance is under \$5,000, the expense to foreclose may not be worth pursuing.)
- 5) Will the sales price of home "as is" cover the principal balance owing, necessary advances, (maintain fire insurance, maintain or bring current delinquent property taxes, monthly yard maintenance, periodic inspections of property to prevent vandalism, etc.) foreclosure, and marketing costs?

If the balance is substantial and all of the above factors have been considered, the Lender may opt to initiate foreclosure. The Borrower must receive, by certified mail, a thirty-day notification of foreclosure initiation. This notification must include the exact amount of funds to be remitted to the Lender to prevent foreclosure (such as, funds to bring a delinquent BMIR current or pay off a DPL).

At the end of thirty days, the Lender should contact a reputable foreclosure service or local title company to prepare and record foreclosure documents and make all necessary notifications to the owner and junior lien holders. The service will advise the Lender of all required documentation to initiate foreclosure (Note and Deed of Trust usually) and funds required from the owner to cancel foreclosure proceedings. The service will keep the Lender informed of the progress of the foreclosure proceedings.

When the process is completed, and the property has "reverted to the beneficiary" at the foreclosure sale, the Lender could sell the home themselves under a homebuyer program or use it for an affordable rental property managed by a local housing authority or use it for transitional housing facility or other eligible use. The Lender could contract with a local real estate broker to list and sell the home and use those funds for program income eligible uses.

ATTACHMENT F

SELLERS LEAD-BASED PAINT DISCLOSURE

Disclosure of Information on Lead-Based Paint and/or Lead-Based Paint Hazards Lead Warning Statement

Every purchaser of any interest in residential real property on which a residential dwelling was built prior to 1978 is notified that such property may present exposure to lead from lead-based paint that may place young children at risk of developing lead poisoning. Lead poisoning in young children may produce permanent neurological damage, including learning disabilities, reduced intelligence quotient, behavioral problems, and impaired memory. Lead poisoning also poses a particular risk to pregnant women. The seller of any interest in residential real property is required to provide the buyer with any information on lead-based paint hazards from risk assessments or inspections in the seller's possession and notify the buyer of any known lead-based paint hazards. A risk assessment or inspection for possible lead-based paint hazards is recommended prior to purchase.

	-based paint and/or le	ad-based paint hazards (check (i t and/or lead-based paint hazards	or (ii) below): s are present in the housing (explain	n).
(b) Records and rep (i) Se	orts available to the seeller has provided the	e of lead-based paint and/or lead eller (check (i) or (ii) below): purchaser with all available reco sed paint hazards in the housing		g.
	eller has no reports or	records pertaining to lead-based	paint and/or lead-based	
(c)Purchaser had runchaser had	as received the pamph as (check (i) or (ii) be eceived a 10-day oppo for the presence of lea	ortunity (or mutually agreed upo ad-based paint and/or lead-based to conduct a risk assessment or	n period) to conduct a risk assessn paint hazards; or;	nent or
		the seller's obligations under 42 e compliance.	U.S.C. 4852d and is aware	
			the best of their knowledge, that t	:he
Seller	Date	Seller	Date	
Purchaser	Date	Purchaser	Date	
Agent	 Date	Agent	Date	

ATTACHMENT G

Homebuyer Assistance Program

Sample Lead-Based Paint Contract Contingency Language

This contract is contingent upon a risk assessment or inspect presence of lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazard until 9 p.m. on the tenth calendar-day after ratification. The	s at the Purchaser's expense s ending date is:	
See the EPA pamphlet "Protect Your Family From Lead in information.)		
This contingency will terminate at the above predetermined (or Purchaser's agent) delivers to the Seller (or Seller's age listing the specific existing deficiencies and corrections need inspection and/or risk assessment report.	nt) a written contract addendum	
The Seller may, at the Seller's option, within days after Delivery of the addendum, elect in writing whether to correct the condition(s) prior to settlement. If the Seller will correct the condition, the Seller shall furnish the Purchaser with certification from a risk assessor or inspector demonstrating that the condition has been remedied before the date of the settlement. If the Seller does not elect to make the repairs, or if the Seller makes a counteroffer, the Purchaser shall have days to respond to the counter-offer or remove this contingency and take the property in "as is" condition or this contract shall become void. The Purchaser may remove this contingency at any time without cause.		
Seller Name:	Date:	
Purchaser:	Date:	
Property Address:		

ATTACHMENT H

Sample Disclosures to Seller with Voluntary, Arm's Length, Purchase Offer

DECLARATION

	rm you that (<u>name of buyers</u>) would like to purchase the property, located at
	, if a satisfactory agreement can be reached. We are prepared to pay
\$ of sale.	for a clear title to the property under conditions described in the attached proposed contract
or sure.	
Because Feder following info	ral funds may be used in the purchase, however, we are required to disclose to you the ormation:
1.	The sale is voluntary. If you do not wish to sell, the buyer,, thru the agency, (name of agency/Sponsor) will not acquire your property. The
	buyer does not have the power of eminent domain to acquire your property by condemnation
	(i.e. eminent domain) and the agency/Sponsor will
_	not use the power of eminent domain to acquire the property.
2.	The estimated fair market value of the property is \$ and was estimated by, to be finally determined by a professional
	appraiser prior to close of escrow.
	appraises prior to crosse of eseron.
	hase would be a voluntary, arms length, transaction you would not be eligible for relocation
	ther relocation assistance under the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property
	olicies Act of 1970 (URA), or any other law or regulation. Also, as indicated in the contract of is made on the condition that no tenant will be permitted to occupy the property before the
sale, this offer sale is comple	
r	
	understand that if you do not wish to sell your property, we will take no further action to
	you are willing to sell the property under the conditions described in the attached contract of
sale, please sig	gn the contract and return it to us at: If you have any questions about this matter.
please contact	If you have any questions about this matter,
1	
Sincerely,	
Title	
Buyer	Date
Buyer	Date
Form continue	es on next page with Seller's Acknowledgment

Sample Disclosures to Seller with Voluntary, Arm's Length Purchase Offer (Page 2) $\,$

Acknowledgement	
As the Seller I/we understand that the (affiliation and title of insproperty for health and safety deficiencies. I/we also understant ransaction and, as such, if the property was built before 1978, a by both the buyer and seller, and that a Visual Assessment will deteriorated paint.	d that public funds may be involved in this a lead-based paint disclosure must be signed
As the Seller, I/we understand that under the (<u>City's or County'</u> owner-occupied, vacant for four months at the time of submissi or renter purchasing the unit. I/we hereby certify that the prope	on of purchase offer, new (never occupied),
☐ Vacant at least 4 months; ☐ Owner-occupied; ☐ New; or	Being Purchased by Occupant
I/we hereby certify that I have read and understand this "Deci given to me prior to the offer to purchase. If received after prochoose to withdraw or not to withdraw, from the Pu	esentation of the purchase offer, I/We
Seller	Date
	 Date

Attachment I

IMPLEMENTATION STEPS INSTRUCTIONS TO HOMEBUYER

(Name of Sponsor)		

- A. Participant works with lender of choice to obtain the primary lender's pre-qualification letter.
- B. Participant works with real estate agent to select home. Program disclosures are reviewed with agent for presentation to seller. Preference will be given to vacant or owner occupied homes rather then tenant occupied.
- C. Participant selects home and enters into a purchase contract (contingent upon receiving Program loan approval). Lender provides the Program Operator with a copy of:
 - real estate sales contract
 - residential loan application
 - credit report
 - verified income documentation
 - disclosure statement
 - proof of personal funds for participation in program
 - breakdown of closing costs
 - structural pest control clearance
 - appraisal with photos
 - escrow instructions
 - preliminary title report
- D. Program Operator reviews paper work to determine program eligibility and financing affordability for participant etc.
- E. Program Operator staff meets with qualified applicant to provide information relative to the program requirements, the lending process, and home ownership responsibilities.
- F. Program Operator has home inspected (if necessary) to meet HQS or code compliance (dependent upon the program). Notice of any deficiencies or needed corrections are given to participant's real estate agent, with recommended course of action.
- G. Program Operator requests loan approval from Sponsor's CAO (City Manager/Administrator or County Administrative/Executive Officer). Following loan approval, Program Operator prepares Deed of Trust, Promissory Note, Notice of Default, Grant Agreement, Owner Occupant Agreement with City/County, requests checks and deposits same into escrow.
- H. Escrow company furnishes Program Operator with proof of documents to be recorded, and any escrow close out information. After receipt of recorded loan documents, HUD I, Insurance Loss Payee Certification and Final Title Insurance Policy (Program Operator) closes out the loan file.

Attachment J

LEAD-BASED PAINT VISUAL ASSESSMENT, NOTICE OF PRESUMPTION AND HAZARD REDUCTION FORM

Section 1: Backgroun	a information			
Property Addr	ess:			No LBP found or LBP exempt □
Select one: Visual	Assessment	I	Presumption	Hazard Reduction □
Section 2: Visual Asse	essment. Fill ou	it Section:	s 1, 2, and 6. If pa	int stabilization is performed, also fill out
Sections 4 and 5 after the	ne work is comp	leted.		
Visual Assessment Date			Report Date:	
Check if no deteriorated	l paint found 🗖			
Attachment A: Summa	ry where deterio	orated pair	nt was found. For	multi-family housing, list at least the housing
	non areas and bu	ilding co	mponents (includii	ng type of room or space, and the material
underneath the paint).				
Section 3: Notice of P	resumption. Fi	ll out Sec	etions 1, 3, 5, and ϵ	6. Provide to occupant w/in 15 days of
presumption.				
Date of Presumption No				
				aint <i>hazards</i> are presumed to be present \square
	•		-	ng, list at least the housing unit numbers and
The state of the s				ng components (including type of room or
space, and the materials	underneath the	paint) of	iead-based paint a	nd/or hazards presumed to be present.
C. A. A. N.A. CT	I.D I.D	4 TT	1 D . 1 . 4° A . 4°	*4 F'11 (C (' 1 4 7 1 C D '1
				rity. Fill out Sections 1, 4, 5, and 6. Provide
to occupant w/in 15 day Date of Hazard Reducti		completed	J.	
			G 0 G 1 .:	D /
Initial Hazard Reductio No □	n Notice? Yes		Start & Completion	on Dates:
	us Hazard Redu	ction Act	ivity Notices:	
If "No", dates of previous Hazard Reduction Activity Notices:				
Attachment C: Activity locations and types. For multi-family housing, list at least the housing unit numbers and common areas (for multifamily housing), bare soil locations, dust–lead locations, and/or building components				
(including type of room or space, and the material underneath the paint), and the types of lead-based paint hazard				
reduction activities performed at the location listed.				
Attachment D: Location of building components with <u>lead-based paint remaining</u> in the rooms, spaces or areas				
where activities were conducted.				
Attachment E: Attach clearance report(s), using DHS form 8552 (and 8551 for abatement activities)				
Section 5: Resident Receipt of Notice for Presumption or Lead-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Activity				
Printed Name:			Signature:	Date:
Section 6: Contact	Oros	anization:		
Information				
Contact Name:			Contact Signat	ure:
Date: Addr	ess:			Phone: